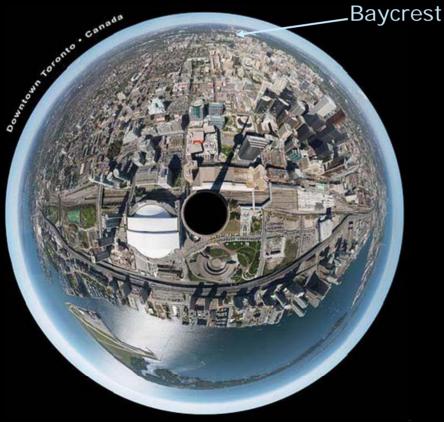


**Rotman Research Institute** 



# Top-down influences on memory- and response-related activity for sound location.



#### Claude Alain

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## What and where in the human auditory system: not such a new concept!

 Deutsch, D. and Roll, P.L., (1976). Separate "what" and "where" decision mechanisms in processing a dichotic tonal sequence, J Exp Psychol Hum Percept Perform, 2, 23-29.



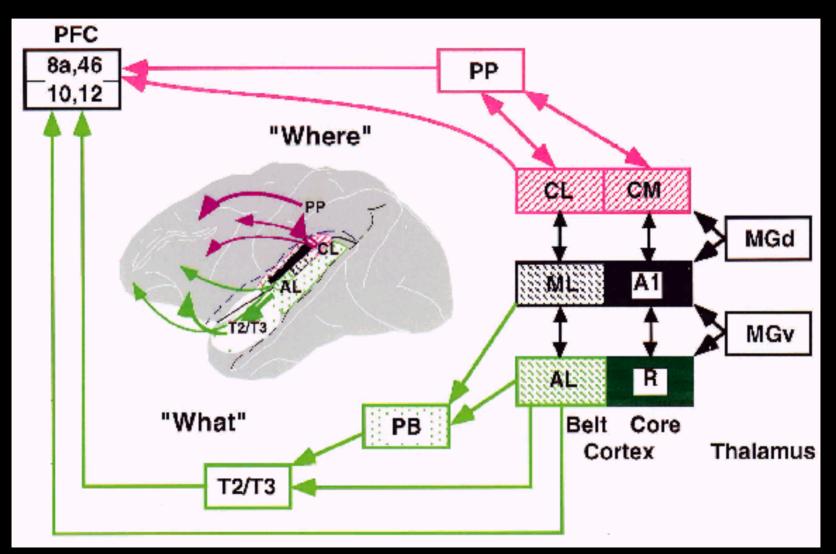
# What and where in the human auditory system: not such a new concept!

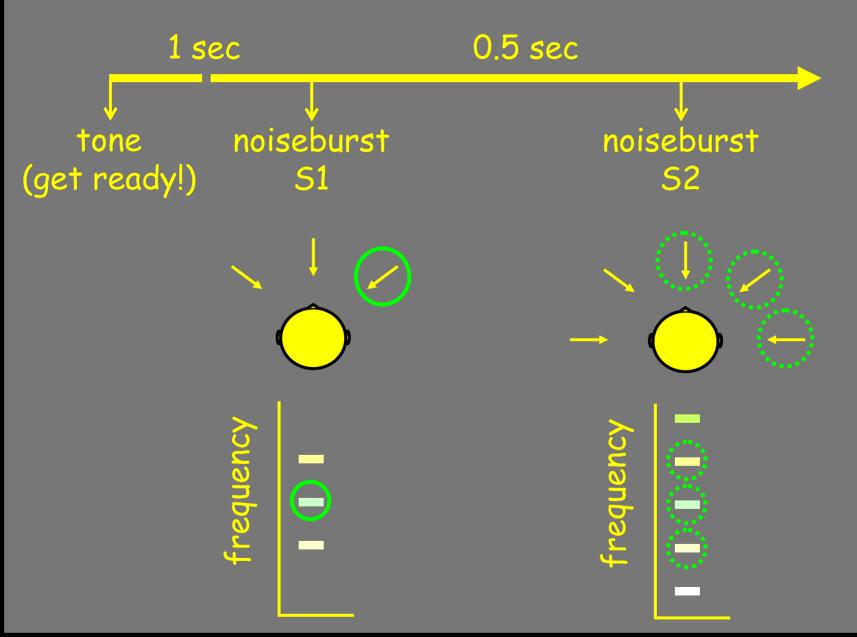
Bregman, A.S. and Steiger, H., (1980). Auditory streaming and vertical localization: interdependence of "what" and "where" decisions in audition, *Percept Psychophys*, 28, 539-46.

".... Stream organization is implicated in the ability to separately localize concurrent sources of sound. This suggests that "what" and "where" decisions are <u>highly interactive</u> and that neurological evidence suggesting separate pathways for these decisions must be interpreted with caution."



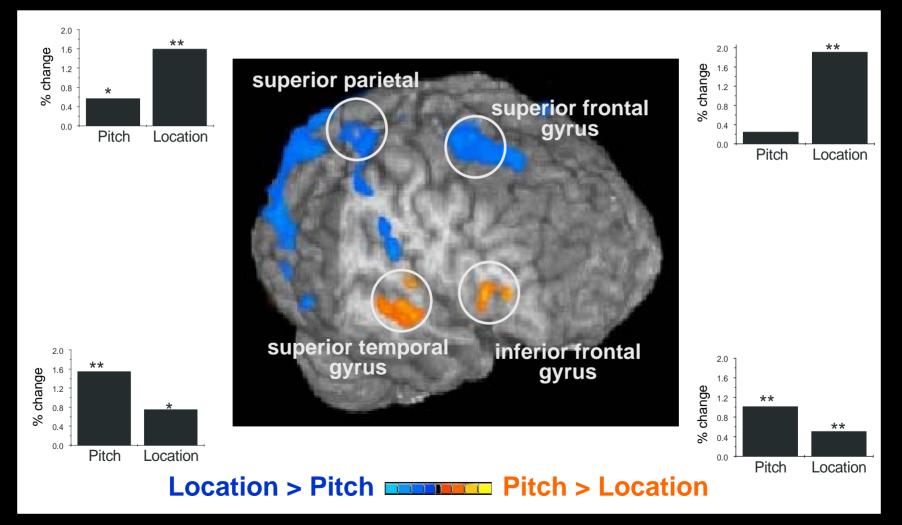
#### Division of labor in auditory scene analysis





Alain et al., 2001, PNAS.

## 'What', 'where' in the human brain



Alain et al., 2001, PNAS.

# Two functional accounts for the where pathway

#### Memory account

 enhanced activity in parietal cortex indexes processing sound location and working memory for sound location.

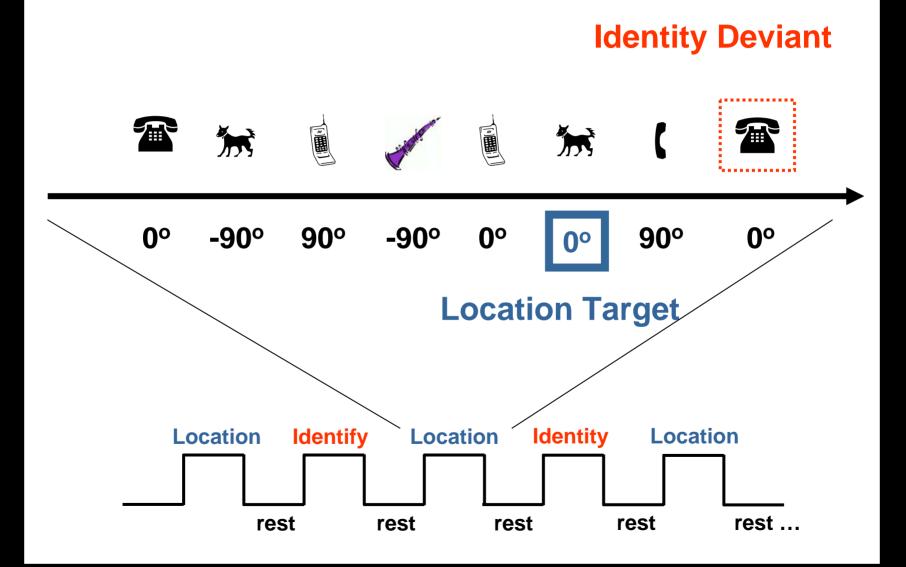
#### Sensory-motor account

- activation in parietal cortex indexes sensory-motor integration and occurs primarily when judgment about sound location requires a motor response.
- passive listening (no response required) is usually not sufficient to generate reliable activation in parietal cortex.

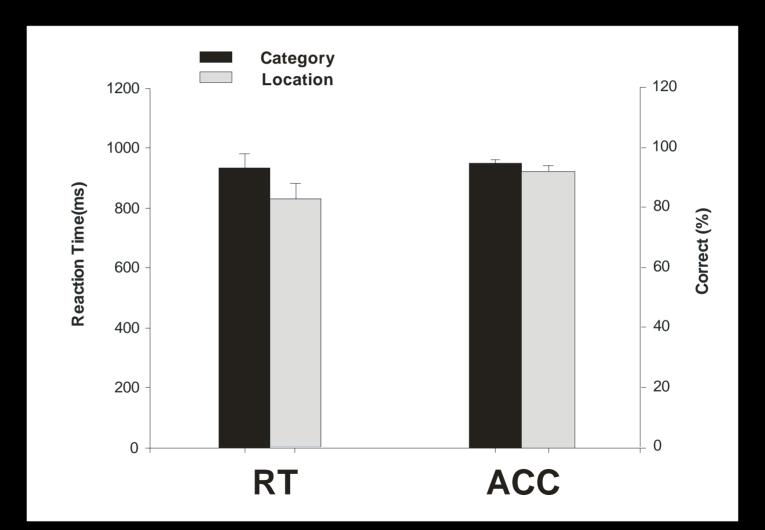
Testing the sensory motor and memory account of sound location

- Working memory for sound identity and sound location
- Manipulating response mode and working memory load for sound location
- Adaptation for sound location during passive listening (i.e., no response required)

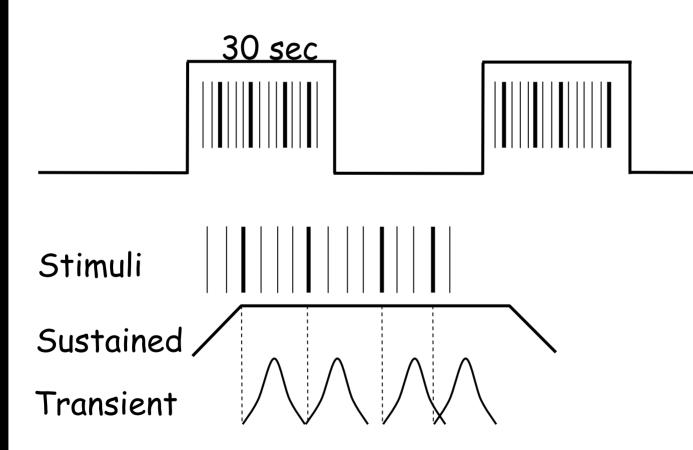
## Mixed block and event-related analysis during an auditory n-back task



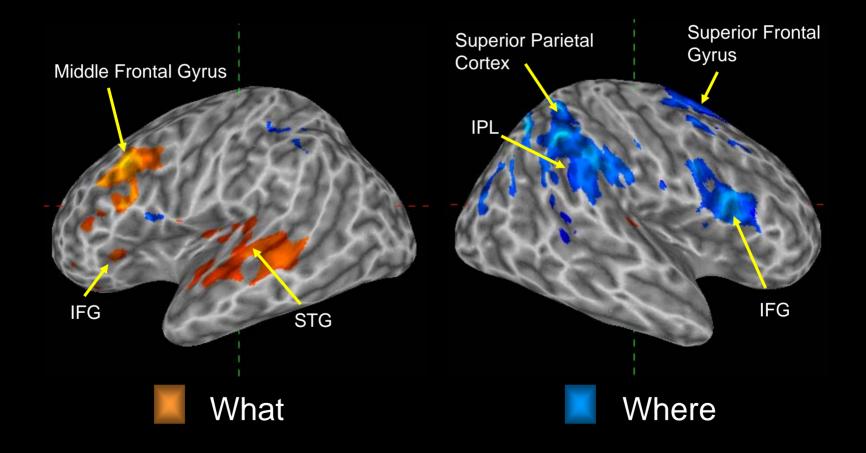
## **Behavioral Data**



## fMRI Analysis

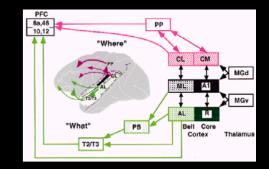


## What and Where Contrast: Sustained Activity



Alain et al., 2008 JoCN

## In summary



- The ventral and dorsal streams are not unitary phenomena, but rather both involve several nodes that play different roles in sound identification and sound location, respectively.
  - Parietal cortex is involved in monitoring sound location not just target processing and/or goal-directed action.
- The results from this experimental series are consistent with the memory-account and provide little support for the sensory-motor account.

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