Topological structure of the hippocampal code

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Hippocampus and space coding

- Hippocampus is essential for:
 - Forming new memories

Sequentially consistent memory maps

• Spatial behavior, spatial memory

Hippocampal damage results in difficulties in

- navigation and navigation planning (Poucet et. al. 1997)
- imagining spatial scenes
- sequential goal tasks

(Hassabis, 2007)

(Wallenstein, 2004)

• Electrophysiology – place cells

Trajectory reconstruction:

- 1. Record the spike trains
- 2. Estimate *locations* of preferred spiking
- Decode animal's position from new spike trains based on these estimates

(Brown et. al 1998)

Space and trajectory reconstruction

Trajectory reconstruction:

- 1. Record the spike trains
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- The analysis is based on *external* geometric information
- What if the external "place" tags are removed?

Spikes \rightarrow Space reconstruction



Spikes \rightarrow Space reconstruction



Spikes \rightarrow Space reconstruction



Global topology of the environment





Global topology of the environment





A *topological* structure, compatible with *many geometries*.





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W-track, 200 place fields



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 - ...etc.

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- It is a "topological" shape geometric "tags" are not introduced

What sort of spatial information can be extracted from the hippocampal cells by the downstream neurons?

- Topology?
 - Spatial order, spatial connectivity
- Affine structure?
 - Qualitative measure of relative directions
- Metric?
 - A quantitative description of spatial scales

Current opinion: place cells form a basis of *metrical* navigation

Topology or geometry?

Experimental test of topological hypothesis: Flexible environments: testing geometric invariance



Place fields are geometrically invariant



• Place field locations move in the 2D space

• Linear position along the track is preserved

• Place fields do not appear to be controlled by the rat's path integration mechanism



The place field pattern along the track is *invariant* with respect to the track geometry transformations

run 1



run 2



run 3



Hippocampal code seems to represent the relative "order of places", – the topology of the space

Ordered places \rightarrow topological spaces

• The analysis of ordered activity of the hippocampal cells allows to reconstruct both the *global* and the *local* topology of the space

•*Further development:* it is possible to *build a space*, as a mathematical object, given the semantics of the hippocampal system

- Theoretical framework Pointfree Topology
 - Formal Topology; Region Connection Calculus (RCC)
 - Spatial "primitives" are regions (not points!) defined via the observables spikes and spike trains
 - The task is to build the appropriate "proximity structure" on them
- *Result:* a set of ordered places can be interpreted as a topological space
 - place cell activity patterns are sufficient to form a topological space,
 - by construction this space is *consistent with animal's spatial behavior*

Conclusions

• Topological coding: a way of understanding hippocampal functions

Spatial memory	Relational learning
Episodic memory	Space coding specifics
topological arrangements of memory elements	

- Based on the hippocampal cell activity analysis it is possible to:
 - *identify* the topological characteristics of the environment
 - *build a pointfree topological space* based on spike patterns
 - By construction this space is *consistent with animal's spatial behavior*
 - We speculate that this space provides a framework for cognitive spatial representation and spatial reasoning

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